# **SERVICE MANUAL**

Boomer<sup>™</sup> 33
Boomer<sup>™</sup> 37
Tier 4B (final)
Compact Tractor





# **SERVICE MANUAL**

Boomer™ 33 Boomer™ 37 TIER 4B (FINAL), Cab Boomer™ 37 TIER 4B (FINAL), ROPS

# **Link Product / Engine**

Product	Market Product	Engine
Boomer™ 33	North America	N843T-F-24
Boomer™ 37 TIER 4B (FINAL), ROPS	North America	N843LT-F-27
Boomer™ 37 TIER 4B (FINAL), Cab	North America	N843LT-F-27

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## **Foreword**

Boomer™ 33	NA
Boomer™ 37	NA

This repair manual provides the technical information needed to properly service the NEW HOLLAND models Boomer 33 and 37 tractors. Use this manual in conjunction with the operator's manual for complete operation, adjustment, and maintenance information

On NEW HOLLAND equipment, left and right are determined by standing behind the unit, looking in the direction of travel.

**NOTICE:** Emissions sensors in the exhaust system and on the vehicle may be damaged by vibrations from use of impact wrenches or hammers during service work. Avoid using these tools when servicing components close to the sensors. Remove the sensors with care if use of these tools cannot be avoided.

## Safety rules

Boomer™ 33	NA
Boomer™ 37	NA

#### Personal safety



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible death or injury.

Throughout this manual you will find the signal words DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION followed by special instructions. These precautions are intended for the personal safety of you and those working with you.

Read and understand all the safety messages in this manual before you operate or service the machine.

A DANGER indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

MARNING indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

A CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

### FAILURE TO FOLLOW DANGER, WARNING, AND CAUTION MESSAGES COULD RESULT IN DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.

#### Machine safety

NOTICE: Notice indicates a situation that, if not avoided, could result in machine or property damage.

Throughout this manual you will find the signal word Notice followed by special instructions to prevent machine or property damage. The word Notice is used to address practices not related to personal safety.

#### Information

NOTE: Note indicates additional information that clarifies steps, procedures, or other information in this manual.

Throughout this manual you will find the word Note followed by additional information about a step, procedure, or other information in the manual. The word Note is not intended to address personal safety or property damage.

# Safety rules

Boomer™ 33	NA
Boomer™ 37	NA

# CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

Battery post, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds.

Wash hands after handling

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# Safety rules - Personal safety

Boomer™ 33	NA
Boomer™ 37	NA

## A General safety rules A

Read this manual carefully before starting, using carrying out maintenance, refueling or performing any other type of operation on the tractor.

Read all the safety decals on the tractor and follow the instructions thereon before starting, operating, refueling or carrying out maintenance on the tractor. Promptly replace any decals that are damaged, lost or illegible. Clean the decals if they are covered by mud or debris.

The tractor must only be used by responsible personnel, trained in tractor use and authorized to operate the tractor.

Use caution when operating the tractor on slopes. Raised equipment, full tanks and other loads will change the center of gravity of the tractor. The tractor can tip or roll over when near ditches and embankments or uneven surfaces.

Avoid using the tractor in unsuitable physical conditions, stop work instead.

Never permit anyone other than the operator to ride on the tractor.

Never operate the tractor under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or while otherwise impaired.

When digging or using ground engaging attachments be aware of buried cables. Contact local utilities to determine the locations of services.

Pay attention to overhead power lines and hanging obstacles. High voltage lines may require significant clearance for safety.

Hydraulic oil or diesel fuel leaking under pressure can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury or infection.

- DO NOT use your hand to check for leaks. Use a piece of cardboard or paper.
- Stop engine, remove key and relieve the pressure before connecting or disconnecting fluid lines.
- Make sure all components are in good condition and tighten all connections before starting the engine or pressurizing the system.
- If hydraulic fluid or diesel fuel penetrates the skin, seek medical attention immediately.
- Continuous long term contact with hydraulic fluid may cause skin cancer. Avoid long term contact and wash the skin promptly with soap and water.
- Before removing any hydraulic tubing, check that the system is not pressurized.

Do not alter the calibration of the pressure relief valves in the various hydraulic circuits (steering, hydraulic lift, auxiliary distributors, etc.).

Keep clear of moving parts. Loose clothing, jewelry, watches, long hair, and other loose or hanging items can become entangled in moving parts.

Wear protective equipment when appropriate.

DO NOT attempt to remove material from any part of the tractor while it is being operated or components are in motion.

Make sure all guards and shields are in good condition and properly installed before operating the tractor. Never operate the tractor with shields removed. Always close access doors or panels before operating the tractor.

Enter and leave the tractor using the steps and handles provided. Dirty or slippery steps, ladders, walkways, and platforms can cause falls. Make sure these surfaces remain clean and clear of debris.

A person or pet within the operating area of a tractor can be struck or crushed by the tractor or its equipment. DO NOT allow anyone to enter the work area.

Raised equipment and/or loads can fall unexpectedly and crush persons underneath. Never allow anyone to enter the area underneath raised equipment during operation.

Never operate engine in enclosed spaces as harmful exhaust gases may build up.

Before starting the tractor, be sure that all controls are in neutral or park lock position.

Before starting the engine, make sure that all attached implements are lowered to the ground.

Start the engine only from the operator's seat. If the safety start switch is bypassed, the engine can start with the transmission in gear. Do not connect or short across terminals on the starter solenoid. Attach jumper cables as described in the manual. Starting in gear may cause death or serious injury.

Always keep windows, mirrors, all lighting, and Slow Moving Vehicle (SMV) emblem clean to provide the best possible visibility while operating the tractor.

Operate controls only when seated in the operator's seat, except for those controls expressly intended for use from other locations.

Before leaving the tractor:

- 1. Park tractor on a firm level surface.
- 2. Put all controls in neutral or park lock position.
- 3. Engage park brake. Use wheel chocks if required.
- 4. Lower all hydraulic equipment Implements, header, etc.
- 5. Turn off engine and remove key.

When, due to exceptional circumstances, you would decide to keep the engine running after leaving the operator's station, then the following precautions must be followed:

- 1. Bring the engine to low idle speed.
- 2. Disengage all drive systems.

### WARNING

Some components may continue to run down after you disengage drive systems. Make sure all drive systems are fully disengaged. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

W0113A

Shift the transmission into neutral.

4. Apply the parking brake.

# A Using the tractor A

- 1. Select the most suitable wheel setting for the work in hand, i.e.: the setting that provides the best stability.
- 2. Depress the speed control pedal slowly: if engaged too quickly, especially when the tractor is getting out of a hole, ditch or operating on muddy ground or steep slopes, the tractor may overturn.

Release the speed control pedal immediately if front wheels begin to lift.

- When traveling downhill, keep the tractor in gear. Never place shuttle shift lever in the neutral position.
- 4. When the tractor is moving, the operator must remain correctly seated in the driving position.
- 5. Never get on or off the tractor while in movement.
- 6. When using the brakes, press the pedal down slowly.
- 7. Avoid taking turns at high speeds.
- 8. Always use the tractor at a speed that will guarantee safe operation on the type of land being worked. When working on uneven ground, use maximum care to ensure proper stability.
- 9. If you have to work with the tractor on a gradient, for example on hillsides, drive at moderate speed especially when taking turns.
- 10. Proceed with maximum caution when working with the wheels near the edge of ditches or slopes.
- 11. When driving on public highways, observe the Highway Code.

# ▲ General maintenance safety ▲

Keep area used for servicing the tractor clean and dry. Clean up spilled fluids.

Service tractor on a firm level surface.

Install guards and shields after servicing the tractor.

Close all access doors and install all panels after servicing the tractor.

Do not attempt to clean, lubricate, clear obstructions or make adjustments to the tractor while it is in motion or while the engine is running.

Always make sure working area is clear of tools, parts, other persons and pets before you start operating the tractor.

Unsupported hydraulic cylinders can lose pressure and drop the equipment causing a crushing hazard. Do not leave equipment in a raised position while parked or during service, unless securely supported.

Jack or lift the tractor only at jack or lift points indicated in this manual.

Incorrect towing procedures can cause accidents. When towing a disabled tractor follow the procedure in this manual. Use only rigid tow bars.

Stop the engine, remove key and relieve pressure before disconnecting or connecting fluid lines.

Stop the engine and remove key before disconnecting or connecting electrical connections.

Scalding can result from incorrect removal of coolant caps. Cooling system operates under pressure. Hot coolant can spray out if a cap is removed while the system is hot. Allow system to cool before removing cap. When removing a cap turn it slowly to allow pressure to escape before completely removing the cap.

Replace damaged or worn tubes, hoses, electrical wiring, etc.

Engine, transmission, exhaust components, and hydraulic lines may become hot during operation. Take care when servicing such components. Allow surfaces to cool before handling or disconnecting hot components. Wear protective equipment when appropriate.

When welding, follow the instructions in the manual. Always disconnect the battery before welding on the tractor. Always wash your hands after handling battery components.

Before touching any electrical components, disconnect the ground lead from the battery.

Only remove the radiator cap after the engine has been allowed to cool. With the engine switched off, use a cloth to slowly unscrew the cap and release the pressure before completely removing the cap.



## Mheels and tires



Upon receiving your tractor, check the air pressure in the tires and check every 50 hours or weekly. Refer to the table below for tire pressure for normal operation.

Make sure tires are correctly inflated. Do not exceed recommended load or pressure. Follow instructions in the manual for proper tire inflation.

Tires are heavy. Handling tires without proper equipment could cause death or serious injury.

Never weld on a wheel with a tire installed. Always remove tire completely from wheel prior to welding.

Always have a qualified tire technician service the tires and wheels. If a tire has lost all pressure, take the tire and wheel to a tire shop or your dealer for service. Explosive separation of the tire can cause serious injury.

DO NOT weld to a wheel or rim until the tire is completely removed. Ensure the rim is clean and free of rust or damage. Do not weld, braze, otherwise repair or use a damaged rim. Inflated tires can generate a gas mixture with the air that can be ignited by high temperatures from welding procedures performed on the wheel or rim. Removing the air or loosening the tire on the rim (breaking the bead) will NOT eliminate the hazard. This condition can exist whether tires are inflated or deflated. The tire MUST be completely removed from the wheel or rim prior to welding the wheel or rim.

When changing or storing tires, make sure they are stacked correctly and cannot roll or topple over causing personal injury.

When checking tire pressures, inspect the tires for damaged tread and side walls. Incorrect pressure will lead to early tire failure.

Do not inflate a tire that has been run flat or seriously under-inflated until it has been inspected for damage by a qualified person.

Torque wheel bolts to specification after installing the wheel. Check nut tightness daily until torque stabilizes.

Refer to the 'TRACTOR BALLASTING' section in the Operator's Manual before adding ballast to the tires.

Use jack stands or other suitable blocking to support the tractor while repairing tires. Ensure the jack is placed on a firm, level surface. Ensure the jack has adequate capacity for lifting your tractor. Do not put any part of your body under the tractor or start the engine while the tractor is on the jack.

Never hit a tire or rim with a hammer.

Do not inflate a tire unless the rim is mounted on the tractor or is secured so that it will not move if the tire or rim should suddenly fail.



## A Driving on public roads and general transportation safety A

Comply with local laws and regulations.

Use appropriate lighting to meet local regulations.

Make sure Slow-Moving Vehicle (SMV) emblem is visible.

Make sure brake pedal latch is engaged. Brake pedals must be locked together for road travel.

Use safety chains for trailed equipment when provided with tractor or equipment.

Lift implements and attachments high enough above ground to prevent accidental contact with road.

When transporting equipment or tractor on a transport trailer, make sure it is properly secured. Be sure the SMV on the equipment or tractor is covered while being transported on a trailer.

Be aware of overhead structures or power lines and make sure the tractor and/or attachments can pass safely under.

Travel speed should be such that complete control and tractor stability is maintained at all times.

Slow down and signal before turning.

Pull over to allow faster traffic to pass.

Follow correct towing procedure for equipment with or without brakes.

When driving, do not rest your feet on the brake pedals.

## **A** Towing

- 1. To guarantee tractor stability when moving, adjust the hitching device according to the trailer or implement to be used.
- 2. Drive slowly when towing extremely heavy loads.
- 3. Do not tow trailers that are not fitted with an independent braking system.
- 4. If the tractor is used to tow heavy loads, always use the hitching device and never hitch loads onto the lower arms or the top link of the three-point linkage. This may result in tipping or overturning
- 5. When towing, do not negotiate turns with the differential lock engaged as this may prevent you from steering the tractor.

## A Using implements and agricultural machinery

- 1. Do not connect implements or machinery that require more power than can be generated by your tractor model.
- 2. Never negotiate sharp turns with the power take-off under a heavy load; this may damage the universal joints on the transmission shaft connected to the power take-off.
- Never stand between the reversing tractor and the implement when hitching.
- 4. When using implements that require the tractor to be stationary with the engine running, keep the shuttle lever in the neutral position, apply the hand brake and use suitable wheel chocks.
- 5. Do not operate tractors connected to the power take-off without first ensuring that the operating range of the tractor is free of bystanders. Also check that all rotating parts connected to the power take-off shaft are correctly protected.
- 6. Add some type of rear ballast when using lifting equipment fitted to the front of the tractor. Rear ballast, such as, rear wheel weights, fluid in rear tires or three-point weight box.

## 🕰 Fire and explosion prevention 🕰

Fuel or oil leaked or spilled on hot surfaces or electrical components can cause a fire.

Crop materials, trash, debris, bird nests, or flammable material can ignite on hot surfaces.

Always have a fire extinguisher on or near the tractor.

Make sure the fire extinguisher(s) is maintained and serviced according to the manufacturer's instructions.

At least once each day and at the end of the day remove all trash and debris from the tractor especially around hot components such as engine, transmission, exhaust, battery, etc. More frequent cleaning of your tractor may be necessary depending on the operating environment and conditions.

At least once each day, remove debris accumulation around moving components such as bearings, pulleys, belts, gears, cleaning fan, etc. More frequent cleaning of your tractor may be necessary depending on the operating environment and conditions.

Inspect the electrical system for loose connections or frayed insulation. Repair or replace loose or damaged parts.

Do not store oily rags or other flammable material on the tractor.

Do not weld or flame cut any items that contain flammable material. Clean items thoroughly with non-flammable solvents before welding or flame-cutting.

Do not expose the tractor to flames, burning brush, or explosives.

Promptly investigate any unusual smells or odors that may occur during operation of the tractor.

### 🕰 General battery safety 🕰



Always wear eye protection when working with batteries.

Do not create sparks or have open flame near battery.

Ventilate when charging or using in an enclosed area.

Disconnect negative (-) first and reconnect negative (-) last.

When welding on the tractor, disconnect both terminals of the battery.

Do not weld, grind, or smoke near a battery.

When using auxiliary batteries or connecting jumper cables to start the engine, use the procedure shown in the operator's manual. Do not short across terminals.

Follow manufacturer's instructions when storing and handling batteries.

Battery post, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds. Wash hands after handling. This is a California Proposition 65 warning.

Battery acid causes burns. Batteries contain sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Antidote (external): Flush with water. Antidote (eyes): flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention immediately. Antidote (internal): Drink large quantities of water or milk. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately.

Keep out of reach of children and other unauthorized persons.



## A Operator presence system A



Your tractor is equipped with an operator presence system to prevent the use of some features while the operator is not in the operator's seat.

The operator presence system should never be disconnected or bypassed.

If the system is inoperable, the system must be repaired.



### A Power Take-Off (PTO)



Power Take-Off (PTO) driven machinery can cause death or serious injury. Before working on or near the PTO shaft or servicing or clearing the driven tractor, put the PTO lever in the disengage position, stop the engine, and remove the key.

Whenever a PTO is in operation, a guard must be in place to prevent death or injury to the operator or bystanders.

When doing stationary PTO work, keep clear of all moving parts and make sure appropriate guards are in place.

Never use a spline adapter:

- Match the right tractor PTO spline and speed with the PTO driveshaft provided with an implement. This will assure proper geometry and operating speed.
- Never operate 540 RPM implements at 1000 RPM.
- Never operate 1000 RPM implements at 540 RPM.
- Use of PTO adapters will void the warranty of the drive shaft, and the PTO drive train of the machine and implement.
- For correct hitch geometry, see the implement operator's manual.



### A Reflectors and warning lights A



Flashing amber warning lights must be used when operating on public roads. Location and use of flashing amber warning lights is shown in the Operator's Manual.



#### A Seat belts A



Seat belts must be worn at all times.

Seat belt inspection and maintenance:

- Keep seat belts in good condition.
- Keep sharp edges and items than can cause damage away from the belts.
- Periodically check belts, buckles, retractors, tethers, slack take-up system, and mounting bolts for damage and
- Replace all parts that have damage or wear.
- Replace belts that have cuts that can make the belt weak.
- Check that bolts are tight on the seat bracket or mounting.
- If belt is attached to seat, make sure seat or seat brackets are mounted securely.
- Keep seat belts clean and dry.

Thanks very much for your reading,

Want to get more information,

Please click here, Then get the complete
manual



## **NOTE:**

If there is no response to click on the link above, please download the PDF document first, and then click on it.

Have any questions please write to me: admin@servicemanualperfect.com